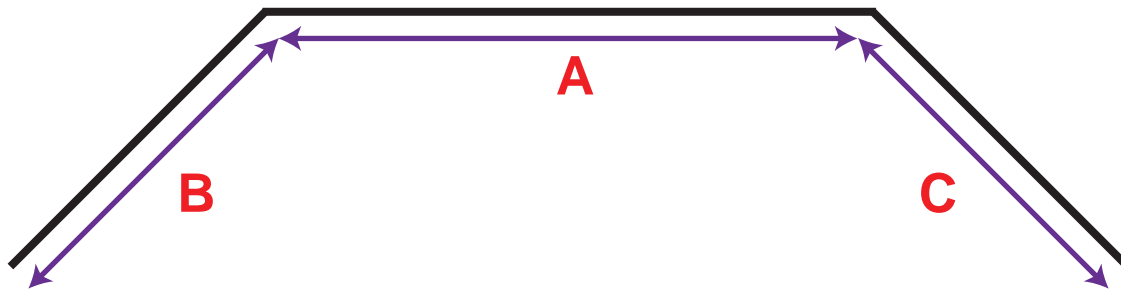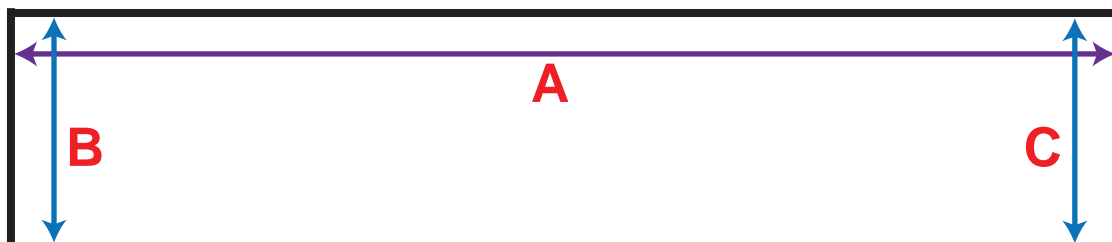## 45 Degree Bay Windows

- Using a metal tape measure, take the measurements of A, B & C at the top of the bay window where the blinds will actually be fitted. Measure right into both corners where the blinds will butt up together. It is preferred to have wooden blinds butting up, so that when the blinds are closed, there is as small a gap as possible between the wooden slats. Then check the same measurements at the bottom of the window to make sure the blinds will fit when down.

- Once you have all three measurements make the following deductions from the width of each blind:

  Blind A - deduct **40mm** from the width, eg. if the width of the blind is 1000mm after deductions it will be 960mm.

  Blind B - deduct **20mm** from the width, eg. if the width of the blind is 1000mm after deductions it will be 980mm.

  Blind C - deduct **20mm** from the width, eg. if the width of the blind is 1000mm after deductions it will be 980mm.

- Once you have made these deductions, on the ordering page enter the dimensions and select Outside Recess (exact blind size) from the blind location options drop down. This is so we will not make any further deductions to the ones you have already made. There is no need to make any deductions to the drop of wooden blinds.

90 Degree Bay Windows

- Follow the measuring instructions as above and then make the following deductions from the width of each blind:

  Blind A - deduct **10mm** from the width, eg. if the width of the blind is 1000mm after deductions it will be 990mm.

  Blind B - deduct **52mm** from the width, eg. if the width of the blind is 1000mm after deductions it will be 948mm.

  Blind C - deduct **52mm** from the width, eg. if the width of the blind is 1000mm after deductions it will be 948mm.

Note: If there are any obstructions in the bay window such as upvc makeup, wood quadrant, tiles, handles or dado rails then make appropriate allowances for these obstructions, so the blinds can be operated freely and fit correctly.